

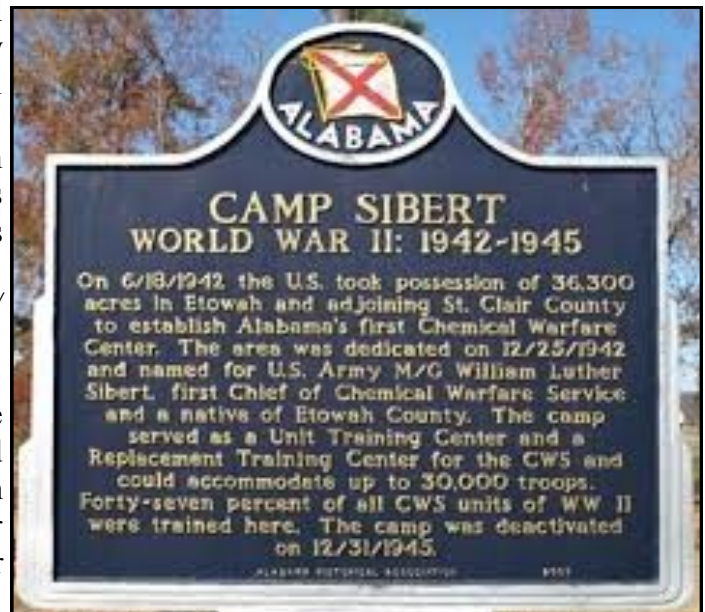


United States Army Camp Sibert, Alabama

Camp Sibert was established in the spring of 1942 for use as a RTC for the U.S. Army CWS. The existing RTC moved from Edgewood, Maryland, to Camp Sibert in the summer of 1942. By the fall of 1942, a UTC was added as a second command.

Military Corner While at Camp Sibert, units and individuals trained in basic military training. Units and individuals also trained in the use of chemical weapons, decontamination procedures, and smoke operations.

Camp Sibert was operational from 1942 until 1945. The installation provided the opportunity for large scale, live agent training (chemical warfare) that had previously been unavailable. The 4.2 chemical mortar was the heavy weapon of choice at Camp Sibert. Although it was originally designed to deliver chemical agents and smoke, it was also adapted to fire HE rounds. [uxoinfo.com/blog/cfc/client/enclosures/HuntsvilleSibertBrief.pdf]



The majority of the property was transferred to private ownership in 1949 and is now either farmed, woodlands, or residential.

